

### CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) A method for constructing MPEG I-frames comprising the steps of:
  - a) configuring a JPEG engine to produce JPEG data in which all discrete cosine transform coefficients are encoded in a byte-aligned manner; and
  - b) performing JPEG processing, using the JPEG engine, on an uncompressed digital image of a scene, producing JPEG data in which the discrete cosine transform coefficients are encoded in a byte-aligned manner; and
  - c) reading the JPEG data; ~~and~~
  - d) converting the JPEG data to MPEG data; and
  - e) constructing an MPEG I-frame comprising the MPEG data.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of storing the MPEG data in an MPEG file.
3. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising the step of adding file header information to the MPEG file.
4. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of configuring the JPEG engine is accomplished by specifying table generating values that are used by the JPEG engine to generate Huffman code tables.
5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:
  - a) providing conversion tables for converting JPEG data in which discrete cosine transform coefficients are encoded in a byte-aligned manner to MPEG data; and
  - b) performing the step of converting the JPEG data to MPEG data using the conversion tables.
6. (Previously presented) A digital imaging device comprising:
  - a) a lens for focusing light; and
  - b) an electronic array light sensor for receiving the focused light from the lens; and

- c) a logic unit for controlling the digital imaging device and receiving image information from the electronic array light sensor, the logic unit comprising a microprocessor system and a JPEG engine, the logic unit adapted to
  - i. configure the JPEG engine to produce a data stream in which discrete cosine transform coefficients are encoded in a byte-aligned manner; and
  - ii. convert the data stream to an MPEG data stream representing an MPEG I-frame.
- 7. (Original) The digital imaging device of claim 6 wherein the digital imaging device is a camera.
- 8. (Previously presented) An image compression system comprising:
  - a) means for obtaining an uncompressed digital image; and
  - b) means for performing JPEG image processing; and
  - c) means for configuring the JPEG processing means to produce a JPEG-compliant data stream in which all discrete cosine transform coefficients are encoded in a byte-aligned manner; and
  - d) means for converting the data stream to a data stream representing an MPEG I-frame.
- 9. (Currently amended) A computer readable medium storing a table of Huffman codes for encoding JPEG DC coefficients, each Huffman code representing a range of magnitudes for a DC coefficient, each Huffman code to be used combined with a following bit pattern that encodes which of the range of magnitudes represents the value of the DC coefficient, the combined lengths of each Huffman code and corresponding following bit pattern being an integer multiple of 8 bits.
- 10. (Currently amended) The computer readable medium table of claim 9, the table comprising nine Huffman codes having lengths of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 8 bits, to be followed by bit patterns of 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, and 8 bits respectively.

11. (Currently amended) A computer readable medium storing a table of Huffman codes for encoding JPEG AC coefficients, each Huffman code representing a run/size combination for an AC coefficient, each Huffman code to be used combined with a following bit pattern that encodes the value of the AC coefficient, the combined lengths of each Huffman code and corresponding following bit pattern being an integer multiple of 8 bits.
12. (Currently amended) The computer readable medium table of claim 11, the table comprising 130 Huffman codes allocated as sixteen Huffman codes of each length 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 bits and two codes of length 16 bits, each code to be followed by a following bit pattern such that each Huffman code and its following bits consist of 16 total bits.
13. (Currently amended) A computer readable medium storing a lookup table that correlates byte-aligned JPEG DC coefficient codes and following bits with equivalent MPEG DC coefficient codes and following bits.
14. (Currently amended) A computer readable medium storing a lookup table that correlates byte-aligned JPEG AC coefficient codes and following bits with equivalent MPEG AC coefficient codes.
- 15-24. (Cancelled)